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ABSTRACT

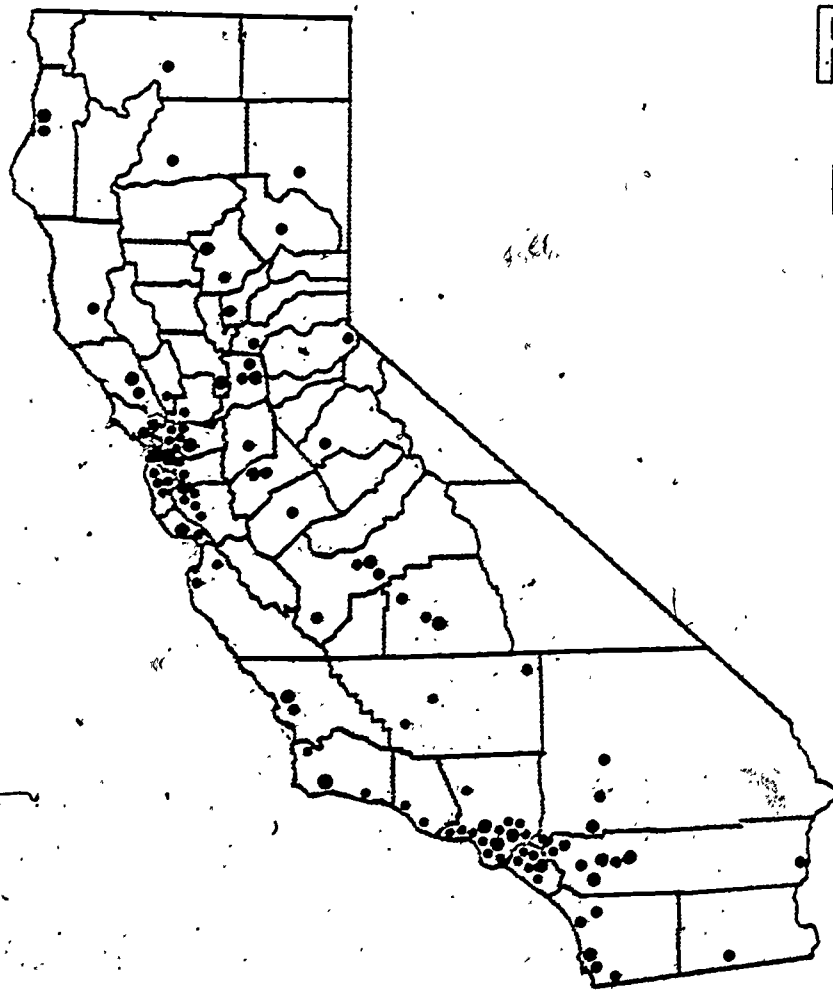
For five consecutive years, studies have been conducted of the flow of transfer students from the California community colleges to the University of California (UC) and the California State University (CSU). The studies have focused on trends in numbers of transfers; transfers to the UC and CSU campuses; the colleges of origin of transfer students; the sex and ethnicity of transfers; and transfer students' majors. The study of fall 1982 transfers, contrasted with findings from previous years, indicated: (1) the number of community college transfers to the UC system increased by 7.5% between fall 1981 and 1982, while transfers to the CSU system decreased by 0.7%; (2) the percentage of Asians, Chicanos, and Filipinos transferring increased between 1980 and 1982, while the percentage of Blacks transferring decreased between 1981 and 1982, after an increase between 1980 and 1981; (3) the percentages of Blacks and Chicanos in the transfer student population were significantly smaller than the percentages in the community college freshman population; (4) for women transferring to the UC system, the most popular majors were in social sciences, biological sciences, and interdisciplinary studies, while business and management majors were most common among women transferring to CSU; and (5) engineering enrolled the largest number of male community college transfer students to UC and the second largest number to CSU. The study report includes detailed information on Black, Chicano, and Asian transfers. (HB)

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Update of Community College Transfer Student Statistics

Fall 1982

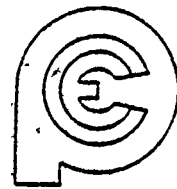
Report 83-11



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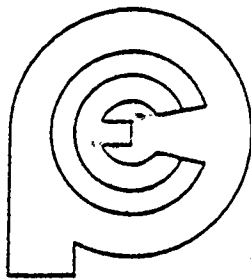
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The California Postsecondary Education Commission was created by the Legislature and the Governor in 1974 as the successor to the California Coordinating Council for Higher Education in order to coordinate and plan for education in California beyond high school. As a state agency, the Commission is responsible for assuring that the State's resources for postsecondary education are utilized effectively and efficiently; for promoting diversity, innovation, and responsiveness to the needs of students and society; and for advising the Legislature and the Governor on statewide educational policy and funding.

The Commission consists of 15 members. Nine represent the general public, with three each appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly, the Senate Rules Committee, and the Governor. The other six represent the major educational systems of the State.

The Commission holds regular public meetings throughout the year at which it takes action on staff studies and adopts positions on legislative proposals affecting postsecondary education. Further information about the Commission, its meetings, its staff, and its other publications may be obtained from the Commission offices at 1020 Twelfth Street, Sacramento, California 95814; telephone (916) 445-7933.

UPDATE OF COMMUNITY COLLEGE
TRANSFER STUDENT STATISTICS, FALL 1982



CALIFORNIA POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION COMMISSION
1020 Twelfth Street, Sacramento, California 95814

Commission Report 83-11
March 1983

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HIGHLIGHTS OF THE FINDINGS

TRENDS IN NUMBERS

The number of Community College students who transferred to the University of California increased by 7.5 percent between Fall 1981 and Fall 1982 but the Fall 1982 number of transfer students was less than for any fall between 1970 and 1980.

In the California State University, the number transferring decreased between Fall 1981 and 1982 by 0.7 percent to a level below that first reached in Fall 1971.

The net change in numbers of Community College students transferring to the two segments combined was an increase of about 0.5 percent.

DIFFERENCES AMONG CAMPUSES

Increases in transfers between Fall 1981 and 1982 to the University of California occurred on all eight general campuses except Irvine, which showed a decrease of 7 percent. The largest percentage increases were at the Riverside, Santa Barbara, and San Diego campuses.

Although the State University had a 0.7 percent decrease overall between Fall 1981 and 1982, some campuses showed gains and others had losses, several of them greater than this systemwide percentage decrease. The largest percentage gains occurred at the Polytechnic-Pomona, San Bernardino, and Sonoma campuses. The largest percentage losses were at Polytechnic-San Luis Obispo, Los Angeles, Humboldt, San Diego, and Stanislaus campuses.

ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION

Changes between 1980 and 1982 in the ethnic distribution of Community College students who transferred to the University were small, but percentages of Asians, Chicanos, and Filipinos continued to increase during the three-year period. Blacks increased between 1980 and 1981 but decreased between 1981 and 1982, while the percentage of American Indians continued to decline slightly.

Changes in the ethnic distribution of transfer students to the State University are unreliable because of the large percentages of these students whose ethnicity was unknown in 1980 and 1981 and the misclassification of large numbers of American Indians in 1981. However, a comparison of the ethnic distribution of the transfer students with that of first-time freshmen in

the Community Colleges a year earlier shows that the percentage of transfers who are classified as Asians is twice as large as the percentage of Asians among freshmen who were recent high school graduates. For Blacks and Chicanos, the percentages in the ethnic distribution for transfers were significantly smaller than the percentages in the freshman distribution. Similar relationships were found for Community College freshmen and transfers to the University in Fall 1982.

TRANSFER STUDENT MAJORS

Engineering enrolled the largest number of male Community College transfer students to the University as juniors in Fall 1982 and the second largest number to the State University, where the largest number were enrolled in Business and Management. Other University majors which enrolled more than 10 percent of the male junior transfers are Biological Sciences, Social Sciences, and Interdisciplinary Studies. No other State University majors than Engineering and Business enrolled as many as 10 percent of this group.

Among women transferring to the University as juniors, Social Sciences, Biological Sciences, and Interdisciplinary Studies were the most popular majors. Only Business and Management majors enrolled more than 10 percent of the women transferring to the State University. Relatively large numbers of men and women transferring to both segments as juniors have not declared majors at the time they transfer.

OTHER CHARACTERISTICS

Male Community College students transferring to both the University and the State University slightly outnumber women. When white students alone are considered, the percentages of men and women transferring to the University are about equal while the number of women transferring to the State University is slightly larger than that of men. The relatively small percentage of women among Asian, Chicano, and Filipino transfer students is responsible for the low percentage of women for all ethnic groups combined. At the same time, the percentage of women among Black transfer students is higher than that of men in both segments, as it is among first-time freshmen in the Community Colleges.

UPDATE OF COMMUNITY COLLEGE TRANSFER STUDENT STATISTICS FALL 1982

BACKGROUND

For the fifth consecutive year, the Commission is publishing statistics on the flow of transfer students from California Community Colleges to the University of California and the California State University. Statistics for 1978, 1979, and 1980 were contained in more comprehensive reports on the flow of students from high school to California institutions of higher education and from Community Colleges to the University and the State University (1978, 1979, and 1981). Transfer statistics for Fall 1981 were published in a special report in June 1982 whose scope was limited to transfer.

The scope of this report is also limited to transfers from Community Colleges to the University and the State University, with summary information about transfers to independent colleges and universities to be included in the next report on college-going rates for Fall 1982. The present report contains information about the sex and ethnicity of transfer students, together with the majors of those students transferring with junior standing.

TRENDS IN NUMBERS OF TRANSFERS

Numbers of Community College students who transferred to the University and the State University between 1965 and 1982 are shown in Table 1, together with numbers of first-time freshmen enrolling in the University and the State University those same years. Numbers of transfer students from each Community College district are shown in Appendix A for Fall 1977, 1979, 1981, and 1982. Appendix B contains the number and ethnic distribution of transfer students from each Community College for Fall 1982, together with the ethnic distribution of first-time freshmen age 19 and under who enrolled in each Community College in Fall 1981.

For the first time since 1975, the number of Community College transfers to the University increased over the previous fall term but was about the same as the number who transferred in 1970 and 37 percent less than the peak reached in 1973. The increase between Fall 1981 and 1982 was 7.5 percent or about 350 students. The importance of the increase rests less with its size than with its occurrence on all University campuses except Irvine, and from 60 percent of the Community Colleges.

The State University, on the other hand, had fewer students transfer from Community Colleges in Fall 1982 than in Fall 1981, and the smallest number since 1971. The decrease was less than 1 percent or about 200 students and occurred primarily on 5 of the 19 campuses. However, a long-time trend appears to have continued into the Fall 1982 transfer enrollments, with the State University having experienced a decrease of 16 percent or about 5,700 transfer students between the peak year of 1975 and the Fall of 1982.

TABLE 1 *Number of Community College Students Who Transferred to the University of California and the California State University Together With Numbers of First-Time Freshmen From California High Schools (1965-1982)*

Year	<u>Community College Transfer Students</u>			<u>First-Time Freshmen</u>	
	<u>Fall Term UC</u>	<u>CSUC</u>	<u>Full Year CSUC</u>	<u>Fall Term Only UC</u>	<u>CSU*</u>
1965	2,948	14,603	--	--	14,023
1966	3,761	19,295	--	12,341	15,574
1967	3,702	22,059	--	13,072	16,082
1968	3,785	26,596	--	11,665	18,844
1969	4,458	28,207	43,963	12,066	17,539
1970	5,166	29,059	49,245	13,233	18,984
1971	6,154	32,546	52,989	13,637	19,306
1972	7,165	34,619	53,820	14,358	22,094
1973	8,193	33,089	51,335	15,011	22,210
1974	7,813	32,646	51,144	14,915	22,886
1975	8,002	35,537	52,917	15,460	23,239
1976	7,123	32,653	51,230	14,935	23,498
1977	6,392	34,001	51,159	14,820	23,867
1978	6,193	31,609	47,430	15,850	24,668
1979	5,649	30,428	46,326	16,534	25,703
1980	5,428	30,490	46,649	16,340	25,470
1981	4,778	30,026	45,283	16,580	23,500
1982	5,137	29,824	--	16,897	24,016

*Fall statistics represent about 90% of first-time freshmen who enter during the full year.

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission, March 1983.

Small numbers of students transferring to the University continue to be a problem for some Community Colleges that may find it increasingly difficult to offer the courses needed by University transfer students, particularly in Engineering and Mathematics-based disciplines. Twenty-five Community Colleges had fewer than 10 students transfer to the University in Fall 1982 while only 34 colleges had as many as 50 University transfers. Seventeen of the 107 Community Colleges produce about half of the University transfers and the median number of students is 30. Given the differing graduation requirements of the various University campuses and the large number of majors pursued by transfer students, small Community Colleges may find that they lack the resources needed for University transfer programs for small numbers of students with diverse needs.

The flow of Community College students to the State University in Fall 1982 was almost six times greater than the flow to the University. While full-year transfer statistics are available only for the State University, the ratio for all Community College transfers during the year is estimated to be about one University transfer for each nine State University transfers. The University and the State University also differ with respect to their ratios of Community College transfer students to first-time freshmen. The University enrolled 3.3 freshmen from California high schools for each Community College transfer student in Fall 1982 while the State University enrolled less than one first-time freshman for every such transfer. Both segments experienced increases in Fall 1982 in the enrollment of first-time freshmen who were recent high school graduates, in spite of a decline in the number of high school graduates that year.

The State University has more campuses and more diverse majors than the University, however, Community Colleges probably find it easier to prepare their students for transfer to the State University because of the vastly larger numbers of students involved. Only 11 of the State's Community Colleges had fewer than 50 students transfer to the State University in Fall 1982; 24 had fewer than 100 State University transfers. The median was above 200 students. Attraction of transfers to the State University may be attributed to such nonacademic factors as geographical proximity to a State University campus and lower total cost, taking into account student charges, living expenses (at home), books, and related educational expenses. Other factors include easier eligibility to transfer on the part of those who would not have been eligible for freshman admission on the basis of their high school record, greater likelihood of Community College courses being accepted in satisfaction of major and general education requirements for graduation, and more opportunity to enroll in baccalaureate degree programs leading directly to employment.

TRANSFER STUDENTS TO UNIVERSITY CAMPUSES

Numbers of Community College students transferring to the eight general purpose campuses of the University between 1979 and 1982 are shown in Table 2. As was noted earlier, all campuses except Irvine experienced an increase between Fall 1981 and Fall 1982, with the largest percentage increases found for the Riverside, San Diego, and Santa Barbara campuses. Santa Barbara

also enrolled the second largest number of transfers in Fall 1982--fewer than Los Angeles but somewhat more than Berkeley, both of which limit their enrollments of new students. In spite of the increases between 1981 and 1982, numbers of new transfers from Community Colleges were smaller in Fall 1982 than in 1979 for all campuses except San Diego and Santa Cruz. The largest percentage decrease during the four-year period has occurred at Irvine, where enrollment of transfers increased 13 percent between 1979 and 1980--when transfers were decreasing on most campuses--and has since shown a loss of 15 percent between 1980 and 1982. No explanation can be made at this time of Irvine's deviation from overall University trends during this period.

TABLE 2 *Number of Community College Transfers to Each University of California Campus, Fall 1979-1982*

<u>Campus</u>	<u>Fall 1979</u>	<u>Fall 1980</u>	<u>Fall 1981</u>	<u>Fall 1982</u>
Berkeley	1,115	1,060	793	854
Davis	792	797	637	691
Irvine	522	591	541	503
Los Angeles	1,198	1,068	996	1,041
Riverside	255	228	213	250
San Diego	404	341	388	432
Santa Bárbara	1,021	911	833	968
Santa Cruz	342	432	377	398
Total	5,649	5,428	4,778	5,137

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission, March 1983.

TRANSFER STUDENTS TO STATE UNIVERSITY CAMPUSES

Numbers of Community College students transferring to the 19 campuses of the State University between Fall 1979 and Fall 1982 are displayed in Table 3. Although this number decreased between Fall 1981 and Fall 1982, gains and losses of at least 10 percent were experienced by several campuses. The State University campus in San Diego lost the largest number of Community College transfers between 1981 and 1982, at a time when the University campus in that area was gaining transfer students, in part as a result of changes in the transfer pattern of students from Community Colleges in the San Diego area. A larger percentage loss of transfer students was experienced by the Los Angeles campus of the State University, which may be accounted for in part by a decrease in the number of transfers from the Los Angeles Community Colleges, particularly East Los Angeles College. Still another interesting shift in transfer enrollments is found in the 33 percent gain in transfers by California State Polytechnic at Pomona and the 17 percent loss in transfers by California Polytechnic State at San Luis Obispo, which is one of the most impacted State University campuses.

Other State University campuses with relatively large decreases in transfer students between Fall 1981 and 1982 were Humboldt, which serves students from all parts of the State; Sacramento, where local Community Colleges increased their enrollment at the University; and Stanislaus, which enrolled the second smallest number of transfers in Fall 1982. In addition to the Pomona campus, relatively larger percentage increases were experienced by the Sonoma and San Bernardino campuses, each of which enroll small numbers of Community College transfer students. Overall, 11 State University campuses had increases and 8 had decreases in transfers between 1981 and 1982, the net result being a very small decrease statewide in the number transferring from Community Colleges. Looking at changes another way, 40 Community Colleges had larger numbers of students transferring to the State University in Fall 1982 than in 1981, while 62 had fewer such students. Of the 40 colleges with increases, 24 also had increases in the numbers transferring to the University.

TABLE 3 Number of Community College Transfers to Each California State University Campus, Fall 1979-1982

<u>Campus</u>	<u>Fall 1979</u>	<u>Fall 1980</u>	<u>Fall 1981</u>	<u>Fall 1982</u>
Bakersfield	439	399	331	323
Chico	1,777	1,726	1,787	1,799
Dominguez Hills	874	901	840	909
Fresno	1,522	1,601	1,593	1,637
Fullerton	2,044	2,099	2,219	2,098
Hayward	1,013	997	1,085	1,117
Humboldt	804	748	783	654
Long Beach	3,062	3,021	3,269	3,474
Los Angeles	1,434	1,506	1,582	1,278
Northridge	2,371	2,323	2,180	2,237
Pomona	1,390	1,472	1,208	1,605
Sacramento	2,789	2,812	2,732	2,609
San Bernardino	514	611	596	659
San Diego	3,304	3,379	2,908	2,566
San Francisco	2,090	2,099	2,084	2,095
San Jose	2,541	2,400	2,359	2,497
San Luis Obispo	1,287	1,214	1,266	1,048
Sonoma	718	670	663	739
Stanislaus	455	512	541	480
Total	30,428	30,490	30,026	29,824

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission, March 1983.

TRANSFER STUDENTS FROM COMMUNITY COLLEGES

Although numbers of Community College transfer students increased on all but one University campus between Fall 1981 and 1982, not all Community Colleges contributed to the increase and some had fewer transfers than in 1981. Five Community Colleges in northern California with at least 50 transfer students to the University in Fall 1981 had increases greater than 10 percent between 1981 and 1982: De Anza, from 100 to 134; Diablo Valley, from 237 to 275; Monterey Peninsula, from 50 to 65; San Joaquin Delta, from 68 to 94; and Sacramento City, from 95 to 127. However, Diablo Valley and Sacramento City had a net loss in transfer students between 1981 and 1982 because of large decreases in the numbers of students transferring to the State University. De Anza and San Joaquin Delta, on the other hand, increased their flow of transfers to both the University and the State University between 1981 and 1982.

In the Los Angeles Community College District, five colleges increased the number of students transferring to the University in 1982 by a total of 51 but three colleges had a combined decrease of 17, for a net gain of 8 percent over 1981. All but one of the Los Angeles colleges had fewer transfers to the State University in 1982 than in 1981, resulting in a net loss of 4 percent. This loss is reflected in the large decrease in the number of transfers to the California State University between 1981 and 1982. San Diego City and Grossmont Colleges both had increases in the number transferring to the University during this same period which were offset by decreases in the numbers transferring to the State University. Changes between 1981 and 1982 in the San Diego campus totals for the University and the State University reflect this shift in the flow of Community College transfer students in that part of the State. Mira Costa and Palomar Colleges, also in San Diego County, also had increases in University and decreases in State University transfers between 1981 and 1982.

Other Community Colleges with sizable increases in the number of students transferring to the University in Fall 1982 are Riverside, with an increase of 26 to 112, with 27 more State University transfers; Santa Barbara, with an increase of 23 to 217 but a small decrease in State University transfers; and San Bernardino Valley, which doubled its University transfers to 36 but had a decrease of 29 State University transfers.

A few Community Colleges experienced a shift in the flow of transfer students from the University to the State University in 1982. The Peralta Colleges in the Oakland area had 17 fewer University students (a decrease of 13 percent) but an increase of 77 State University transfers (15 percent). In Orange County, where the number of transfers to the Irvine campus of the University decreased, Santa Ana transfers to the University decreased from 44 to 29 while the number transferring to the State University increased by 33 students (11 percent).

Other Community Colleges with at least a 10 percent increase in transfer students to the State University and with little or no increase in University transfers between 1981 and 1982 are Butte, Canada, Mission, and Sierra Colleges in northern California; College of the Canyons, College of the

Desert, Mt. San Antonio, and Saddleback Colleges in southern California; and Cuesta College in central California. In the following section, the flow of transfer students between Fall 1981 and 1982 will be looked at in terms of the ethnic distribution of the students in the Community Colleges from which they transfer.

SEX AND ETHNICITY OF TRANSFERS

The ethnic distributions for students who transferred in Fall 1980, 1981, and 1982 are displayed in Table 4. Changes in the University distribution during the three-year period are small but small gains appear to have been made by Asians, Chicanos, and Filipinos, while small losses were sustained by Blacks and American Indians. While it appears that representation of ethnic minorities has been increasing in the University transfer group, the distribution among the minorities is skewed, compared with the distribution for first-time freshmen in the Community Colleges. Asians account for about 44 percent of the transfers in the five ethnic minority groups but only 12

TABLE 4 *Ethnic Distribution of Community College Transfer Students to the University of California and the California State University, Fall 1980, 1981, and 1982 (In Percents)*

Transfer to	Year	N*	Ethnicity					Percent Unknown	
			American Indian	Asian	Filipino	Black	Chicano		White
UC	1980	5,356	1.1%	9.6%	1.1%	3.7%	7.4%	77.1%	10.0%
	1981	4,778	1.0	10.2	1.2	4.0	8.1	75.5	9.9
	1982	5,137	0.7	11.1	1.3	3.8	8.3	74.8	3.6
CSU	1980	30,527	1.5	6.1	1.2	6.1	10.0	75.1	37.2
	1981	30,026	5.6	7.1	1.3	6.4	8.4	71.2	16.3
	1982	29,824	1.4	8.5	1.4	5.9	9.1	73.7	5.6

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission; March 1983.

*N includes nonresident aliens, "other" ethnicity, and nonrespondents, all of whom were excluded from the N on which the computation of percentages for the various ethnic groups were based. Therefore, Ns for specific ethnic groups which might be computed from the data in this table would likely be larger than those actually reported.

percent of the first-time Community College freshmen. Blacks, on the other hand, were only 15 percent of the minorities in the University transfer group although they comprised 29 percent of the first-time freshmen in the Community Colleges. The comparable percentages for Chicanos are 33 and 48. Thus, Asians are much more likely than other ethnic groups to enroll in the University as freshmen after graduating from high school and, if enrolled in a Community College instead of the University as freshmen, to transfer to the University.

Analysis of State University ethnic data is hampered by unsatisfactorily low response rates for Fall 1980 and 1981, and a misclassification of large numbers of students as American Indians in Fall 1981. However, ethnic data for Fall 1982 have face validity and may be compared with information about first-time freshmen in Community Colleges. The findings are similar to those for the University, namely, that Asians are "overrepresented" in the transfer group while Blacks and Chicanos are "underrepresented," compared with their incidence in the ethnic distribution for first-time freshmen in Community Colleges. Past State University problems with ethnic data may be masking the true increase between 1980 and 1982 in the percentage of Asians among the transfer students and the decrease among Blacks and Chicanos between 1981 and 1982.

Sex Differences: The total number of men transferring to both the University and the State University in Fall 1982 was slightly higher than the number of women. However, the various ethnic groups differed with respect to the proportions of men and women in the transfer groups. An analysis of the white majority shows that numbers of men and women transferring to the University in 1982 were about equal while the number of women transferring to the State University was higher than the number of men. Among Asians, Chicanos, and Filipinos, numbers of women in the transfer group were notably smaller than the number of men. The reverse was found for Blacks, where the number of women in both the first-time freshman and transfer distributions was larger than the number of men. Thus, generalizations cannot be made about the overall proportions of men and women in the transfer groups because of ethnic differences related to the sex of the transfer students.

BLACKS

In Fall 1982, as reported on the University enrollment tape submitted to the Commission, 175 Blacks transferred from Community Colleges to the University. The group included 82 men and 93 women. Thirty came from six of the nine colleges in the Los Angeles District, where 30 percent of the 12,500 first-time freshmen age 19 and under in 1981 were Black. Nineteen Blacks transferred to the University in 1982 from the four Peralta District colleges in the Oakland area, where 26 percent of the first-time freshman enrollment of about 1,800 was Black in 1981. Five Blacks transferred to the University from Compton College where 89 percent of the first-time freshmen in 1981 were Black. Among the colleges with the largest number of Black transfers in 1982 are Riverside with 10 (where Blacks comprised 12 percent of the freshmen) and Santa Monica with 11 (where Black comprised 21 percent of the freshmen).

A total of 1,593 Blacks were reported by the State University as new Community College transfer students in Fall 1982, including 767 men and 826 women. Twenty-seven percent (436) came from the Los Angeles District colleges, which enroll about 40 percent of the Black first-time freshmen age 19 and under in the Community Colleges. Eight percent of the Blacks who transferred to the State University in Fall 1982 came from the four Peralta District colleges in Oakland, which enrolled about 15 percent of the Black freshmen in Fall 1981. Other colleges with at least 50 Black State University transfers in Fall 1982 are Compton (108), El Camino (77), Long Beach City (65), and San Francisco (56).

This brief analysis, based on data appearing in Appendix B, shows that Blacks at the freshman level in several Community Colleges are the majority ethnic group. In others, Blacks and other ethnic minority groups--usually Chicano--constitute the majority. Such colleges tend to have relatively few transfers to the University or the State University, and may have a smaller proportion of Blacks than whites in the transfer group.

CHICANOS

The University enrolled 389 Chicano and Chicana Community College transfer students, 54 percent of whom were men and 46 percent, women. The largest numbers came from East Los Angeles and Ventura Colleges. The former, with 31 Chicano transfers in 1982, had a first-time freshman enrollment in 1981 which was 81 percent Chicano, or about 1,400 of the 1,742 freshmen age 19 and under. Ventura College, with 28 University transfers, had a first-time freshman enrollment which was 23 percent Chicano in 1981 (about 320 Chicanos among the 1,420 new freshmen). Other Community Colleges with a high proportion of Chicanos among their new freshmen but small numbers of University transfers are, in descending order, Imperial Valley with 65 percent of its 600 freshmen Chicanos and 5 University transfers, Rio Hondo with 48 percent of its 1,300 freshmen Chicanos and 6 transfers; Los Angeles Valley with 42 percent of its 1,500 freshmen Chicanos and 6 transfers; Oxnard with 41 percent of its 340 freshmen Chicanos and 8 transfers; and Southwestern, with 38 percent of its 1,100 freshmen Chicanos and 4 transfers, or a total freshman Chicano enrollment of 2,495 in 1981, and 42 transfer students to the University in 1982. (Ethnic and other enrollment data were not available from the State Center District in Fresno in 1982, which had a large Chicano enrollment but only two University transfers in 1982.)

The State University enrolled 2,467 new Chicano transfer students from Community Colleges in Fall 1982, or more than six times the number enrolled at the University. Of this State University group, 51 percent were men; 49 percent, women. The largest numbers transferred from East Los Angeles College (177), Fresno City College (94), Imperial Valley College (66), and Los Angeles City College (65). An additional 209 Chicanos transferred from six other Los Angeles District colleges, for a total of 451. Proximity to a State University campus does not appear to be associated with a high rate of transfer for Chicanos in some parts of the State, for example, Bakersfield, San Diego, and Merced. About 20 percent of the Community Colleges have at

least a 20 percent Chicano enrollment in their first-time freshman class, but at only eight colleges is the percentage of Chicanos in the State University transfer-group as high as 20.

ASIANS

Unlike Blacks and Chicanos, Asians are not a large minority group at any Community College except San Francisco, where they comprise one-third of the first-time freshmen age 19 and below. They also comprise 49 percent of the University and 45 percent of the State University transfer group from this college. Other concentrations of between 7 and 11 percent of the freshmen in Fall 1981 were located in three Los Angeles District colleges, Sacramento City College, Monterey Peninsula College, Ohlone College, three Peralta District colleges, Skyline College, and Mission College, where, with few exceptions, they showed high transfer rates, particularly to the University.

MAJORS OF TRANSFER STUDENTS

Percentage distributions of the majors of Community College students who transferred to the University and the State University with upper division standing in Fall 1982 are displayed in Table 5 by segment and sex. Upper division transfers comprised 57 percent of the group that transferred to the University and 62 percent of those transferring to the State University. Choice of major differed significantly for men and women and for the University and the State University. Engineering enrolled the largest percentage of male transfers to the University and the second largest percentage of the State University male transfers in Fall 1982. In the State University, Business and Management programs ranked first for male transfers, with more than twice as many students as in Engineering programs. Interdisciplinary Studies, Social Sciences, and Biological Sciences each enrolled more than 10 percent of the male transfers to the University in Fall 1982. Compared with Fall 1981, Social Sciences had about a one-third reduction in number of majors; Interdisciplinary Studies, an 80 percent increase; and Biological Sciences, virtually no change.

In the State University, no majors other than Engineering and Business enrolled as many as 10 percent of the upper division transfers of either sex. There were fewer Business majors in Fall 1982 than in 1981 among both men and women, but the percentage of men majoring in Engineering and Computer Sciences increased between 1981 and 1982. Among the women transfers, Public Affairs and the Health Professions ranked next in popularity after Business and Management programs. Interdisciplinary Studies, Social Sciences, and Biological Sciences all ranked high as majors for women transferring to the University, with no major changes between 1981 and 1982.

The percentage of upper division transfers whose major was unknown or undeclared increased in Fall 1982 over 1981 for both men and women in both segments, to a high of 13 percent for both sexes in the State University, 14

percent for men in the University, and 18 percent for women in the University. If "unknown" is indicative of delayed selection of a major at the upper division level, transfer students may have articulation problems such as Community College credit not being applicable to graduation requirements and prerequisites for certain majors not being met. Except for the smaller percentages of native students whose majors are unknown, the percentage distributions of majors for upper division native and transfer students are quite similar. The number of Community College transfer students applying to the University to major in Engineering exceeds the number accepted each year but the similarity of the proportions of upper division native and transfer students in Engineering make it appear that the University is attempting to deal fairly with Community College applicants to Engineering programs.

TABLE 5 *Majors of New Upper Division Transfer Students From California Community Colleges, Fall 1982 (In Percents)*

Major	UC (N = 2,933)		CSU (N = 18,369)	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
Agriculture	1.2%	1.4%	3.0%	1.5%
Architecture	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.3
Area Studies	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2
Biological Sciences	11.2	10.7	2.8	3.1
Business and Management	3.9	3.1	21.3	19.2
Communications	0.3	1.9	3.9	4.5
Computer Sciences	4.6	2.6	5.0	3.0
Education	0.1	0.1	5.5	4.0
Engineering	15.1	3.2	15.4	1.8
Fine and Applied Arts	4.2	6.3	4.5	6.4
Foreign Languages	0.7	2.1	0.5	1.0
Health Professions	0.1	0.6	1.5	8.0
Home Economics	0.1	0.6	0.1	2.8
Letters	5.4	9.2	2.3	3.7
Mathematics	2.3	1.1	1.4	1.0
Physical Sciences	7.6	3.7	2.8	1.1
Psychology	2.6	4.7	2.7	6.1
Public Affairs	--	--	3.9	9.6
Social Sciences	12.3	13.8	6.9	5.6
Interdisciplinary	13.2	15.7	2.1	3.7
Unknown	14.1	18.0	13.4	13.4

Source: California Postsecondary Education Commission, March 1983.

CONCLUSIONS

The decline in the number of Community College students who transfer to the University of California which began in the mid-1970s appears to have been stemmed in the Fall 1982 term, insofar as increases were reported by almost all University campuses. While the number of transfers to the California State University continued to decline through Fall 1982, most of the loss was reported by a few campuses and several reported significant gains.

The overall transfer picture is therefore somewhat more encouraging this year than in recent years, but the direction and magnitude of change varies by ethnic minority group. Since 1980, Asians have made the largest gains in both the University and the State University while Blacks appear to have fallen further behind in terms of both numbers of transfers and their percentage representation in the transfer group. The picture is less clear for Chicanos during this period, in part because of problems of accuracy in the ethnic identification of State University students in past years.

In Fall 1982, Engineering ranked first among the majors of male Community College transfer students to the University and second among male State University transfers, after Business and Management. Business and Management also ranked first for women transferring to the State University, while the Social Sciences and Interdisciplinary Studies attracted the largest numbers of women transferring to the University. Sizable numbers of both men and women transferring to both segments had no majors recorded for them when they first enrolled as juniors.

This report has dealt solely with the flow of transfer students from the Community Colleges to the University and the State University and selected personal characteristics of these students. Information about the performance of these students is still too sparse to warrant any conclusions.

APPENDIX A
 FLOW OF TRANSFER STUDENTS FROM THE CALIFORNIA
 COMMUNITY COLLEGES TO THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA
 AND THE CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY
 (FALL 1977, 1979, 1981, AND 1982)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Baccalaureate/ Transfer Courses* Workload (in hours)	Percent of Total Workload	
Allan Hancock	1977	39	207			
	1979	40	209	1,769,000	48%	8,735
	1981	21	170			
	1982	28	166			
Antelope Valley	1977	30	158			
	1979	21	141	976,000	55	6,908
	1981	18	123			
	1982	16	105			
Barstow	1977	7	45			
	1979	3	41	385,000	56	1,638
	1981	10	33			
	1982	1	21			
Butte	1977	15	364			
	1979	10	344	786,000	46	7,444
	1981	9	348			
	1982	16	406			
Cabrillo	1977	176	242			
	1979	118	259	2,876,000	73	11,152
	1981	151	256			
	1982	164	265			
Cerritos	1977	24	589			
	1979	48	520	4,409,000	47	21,619
	1981	48	535			
	1982	38	555			
Chaffey	1977	43	347			
	1979	23	257	1,667,000	53	12,259
	1981	38	236			
	1982	27	281			
Citrus	1977	19	286			
	1979	25	237	1,898,000	54	9,395
	1981	22	225			
	1982	26	241			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Baccalaureate/ Transfer Courses* Workload (in hours)	Percent of Total Workload	
Coachella Valley	1977	38	106			
	1979	31	92	967,000	50%	6,433
	1981	16	81			
	1982	15	98			
Coast	1977	219	1,243			
	1979	324	1,301	12,977,000	56	72,047
	1981	288	1,475			
	1982	288	1,486			
Compton	1977	33	225			
	1979	3	203	2,056,000	53	6,465
	1981	7	191			
	1982	5	154			
Contra Costa	1977	260	1,022			
	1979	291	998	6,348,000	62	34,724
	1981	240	1,120			
	1982	265	1,024			
El Camino	1977	160	825			
	1979	158	800	4,487,000	53	30,530
	1981	118	802			
	1982	131	830			
Foothill-DeAnza	1977	318	1,101			
	1979	285	951	6,799,000	54	39,801
	1981	224	950			
	1982	261	978			
Fremont-Newark	1977	16	159			
	1979	12	182	1,369,000	47	8,251
	1981	22	237			
	1982	24	237			
Gavilan	1977	17	91			
	1979	12	76	405,000	48	3,132
	1981	10	75			
	1982	10	76			
Glendale	1977	69	307			
	1979	90	256	2,523,000	58	9,848
	1981	53	312			
	1982	49	303			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Baccalaureate/ Transfer-Courses* Workload (in hours)	Percent of Total Workload	
Grossmont	1977	79	552			
	1979	73	528	3,786,000	64%	17,250
	1981	65	543			
	1982	74	480			
Hartnell	1977	36	172			
	1979	30	161	1,990,000	38	7,680
	1981	29	185			
	1982	39	181			
Imperial Valley	1977	22	128			
	1979	17	146	88,000	37	4,122
	1981	10	150			
	1982	16	127			
Kern: Bakers- field	1977	35	474			
	1979	35	521	1,838,000	49	12,452
	1981	22	373			
	1982	21	333			
Porter- ville	1977	10	93			
	1979	8	74	434,000	55	2,186
	1981	3	67			
	1982	6	82			
Cerro Coso	1977	6	41			
	1979	2	54	375,000	40	4,013
	1981	5	38			
	1982	3	34			
Lake Tahoe	1977	0	22			
	1979	3	23	236,000	72	1,627
	1981	3	15			
	1982	2	19			
Lassen	1977	3	52			
	1979	5	72	375,000	22	2,762
	1981	6	42			
	1982	6	57			
Long Beach	1977	62	833			
	1979	55	727	1,508,000	52	27,258
	1981	50	681			
	1982	52	646			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Workload (in hours)	Baccalaureate/Transfer Courses* Percent of Total Workload	
Los Angeles	1977	684	3,829			
	1979	519	3,288	23,747,000	48%	132,473
	1981	395	3,119			
	1982	429	3,001			
Los Rios	1977	328	1,938			
	1979	289	1,777	7,258,000	56	44,479
	1981	217	1,535			
	1982	259	1,492			
Marin	1977	152	523			
	1979	138	456	2,148,000	65	10,751
	1981	90	401			
	1982	95	371			
Mendocino	1977	2	69			
	1979	5	48	379,000	49	3,232
	1981	0	46			
	1982	3	54			
Merced	1977	18	256			
	1979	12	248	1,520,000	44	7,948
	1981	12	245			
	1982	21	245			
Mira Costa	1977	24	92			
	1979	30	94	1,154,000	56	6,077
	1981	19	82			
	1982	38	67			
Monterey Peninsula	1977	100	234			
	1979	74	191	2,092,000	66	7,856
	1981	50	188			
	1982	65	175			
Mt. San Antonio	1977	55	630			
	1979	40	520	3,848,000	45	21,077
	1981	30	495			
	1982	36	567			
Mt. San Jacinto	1977	15	40			
	1979	18	44	--	--	3,135
	1981	19	36			
	1982	11	43			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Baccalaureate/ Transfer Courses* Workload (in hours)	Percent of Total Workload	
Napa	1977	38	172			
	1979	30	175	856,000	54%	5,431
	1981	25	160			
	1982	36	150			
North Orange	1977	107	1,225			
	1979	105	1,165	6,939,000	55	31,620
	1981	88	1,154			
	1982	103	1,109			
Palo Verde	1977	2	16			
	1979	1	12	72,000	41	590
	1981	0	5			
	1982	2	1			
Palomar	1977	125	341			
	1979	102	426	3,763,000	52	16,589
	1981	87	411			
	1982	97	332			
Pasadena	1977	196	782			
	1979	140	647	5,492,000	59	19,992
	1981	135	617			
	1982	129	617			
Peralta	1977	177	664			
	1979	164	542	7,355,000	51	40,053
	1981	134	455			
	1982	121	522			
Rancho Santiago	1977	27	418			
	1979	56	342	2,520,000	36	18,790
	1981	44	308			
	1982	29	341			
Redwoods	1977	15	305			
	1979	14	244	1,633,000	47	10,524
	1981	12	224			
	1982	10	210			
Rio Hondo	1977	41	398			
	1979	23	294	3,450,000	52	11,642
	1981	16	275			
	1982	20	258			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Workload (in hours)	Baccalaureate/Transfer Courses* Percent of Total Workload	
Riverside	1977	154	333			
	1979	129	334	2,526,000	55%	15,063
	1981	86	310			
	1982	112	337			
Saddle-back	1977	72	326			
	1979	104	315	2,338,000	38	25,048
	1981	111	373			
	1982	113	445			
San Bernardino	1977	101	556			
	1979	64	441	4,675,000	62	18,674
	1981	59	497			
	1982	75	471			
San Diego	1977	184	1,088			
	1979	162	862	6,560,000	51	44,977
	1981	151	855			
	1982	171	820			
San Francisco	1977	189	974			
	1979	157	821	7,782,000	67	25,318
	1981	95	812			
	1982	105	805			
San Joaquin Delta	1977	82	511			
	1979	73	483	2,737,000	50	16,467
	1981	68	478			
	1982	94	539			
San Jose	1977	28	474			
	1979	23	412	3,871,000	47	21,170
	1981	13	389			
	1982	25	379			
San Luis Obispo	1977	16	162			
	1979	28	172	1,433,000	60	5,848
	1981	21	193			
	1982	22	255			
San Mateo	1977	205	1,079			
	1979	189	888	2,270,000	52	33,673
	1981	152	858			
	1982	153	882			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Workload (in hours)	Baccalaureate/Transfer Courses* Percent of Total Workload	
Santa Barbara	1977	302	237			
	1979	219	207	1,564,000	61%	9,736
	1981	194	231			
	1982	217	218			
Santa Clarita	1977	11	112			
Santa Clarita	1979	15	81	495,000	60	3,600
	1981	14	75			
	1982	17	110			
	Santa Monica	1977	323			
Santa Monica	1979	237	406	5,108,000	64	18,452
	1981	225	445			
	1982	222	419			
	Sequoias	1977	29			
Sequoias	1979	37	271	1,225,000	54	7,486
	1981	48	308			
	1982	34	310			
	Shasta-Tehama-Trinity	1977	31			
Shasta-Tehama-Trinity	1979	17	200	1,011,000	45	10,568
	1981	23	259			
	1982	29	252			
	Sierra	1977	51			
Sierra	1979	38	263	1,485,000	49	9,671
	1981	29	253			
	1982	32	310			
	Siskiyou	1977	8			
Siskiyou	1979	4	65	457,000	60	2,012
	1981	4	83			
	1982	6	69			
	Solano	1977	61			
Solano	1979	45	190	1,006,000	33	9,829
	1981	43	195			
	1982	34	153			
	Sonoma	1977	63			
Sonoma	1979	81	573	2,997,000	45	19,333
	1981	89	600			
	1982	84	556			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Workload (in hours)	Baccalaureate/Transfer Courses* Percent of Total Workload	
South County	1977	66	544			
	1979	75	555	2,858,000	56%	18,986
	1981	67	483			
	1982	64	472			
State Center	1977	42	865			
	1979	42	785	2,824,000	48	17,760
	1981	28	783			
	1982	23	764			
Sweet-water	1977	61	366			
	1979	24	298	2,167,000	42	12,941
	1981	33	256			
	1982	26	245			
Ventura	1977	219	687			
	1979	215	612	4,620,000	61	27,976
	1981	167	575			
	1982	209	610			
Victor Valley	1977	10	82			
	1979	10	74	220,000	47	3,782
	1981	6	77			
	1982	7	74			
West Hills	1977	6	69			
	1979	1	55	327,000	34	2,421
	1981	1	53			
	1982	0	65			
West Kern	1977	2	26			
	1979	2	25	204,000	63	1,183
	1981	2	40			
	1982	2	23			
West Valley	1977	142	742			
	1979	104	696	3,983,000	56	23,681
	1981	114	756			
	1982	100	760			
Yosemite	1977	62	561			
	1979	53	462	2,187,000	50	15,676
	1981	38	481			
	1982	50	483			

APPENDIX A (Continued)

Community College District	Year	Number of Transfers to		Transfer Indices (1981)		Total Enrollment for Credit
		UC	CSU	Workload (in hours)	Percent of Total Workload	
Yuba	1977	30	266			
	1979	24	226	1,269,000	39%	8,632
	1981	25	254			
	1982	16	240			
TOTAL	1977	6,392	33,931			
	1979	5,654	30,458	207,752,000	52%	1,191,953
	1981	4,767	29,991			
	1982	5,130	29,806			

*One measure of a district's performance of the transfer function is the number of student contact hours it generates in baccalaureate level/transfer courses, together with the percentage of the total credit workload of each district which is in such courses. The implementation of the Course Classification System this year has yielded a preliminary set of data which have been used in this Appendix to indicate both volume and proportion of district workload in baccalaureate/transfer courses in 1980-81. Data have been taken from the March 1982 report of the Chancellor's Office, Course Classification System Report of Data Collection and Description of Offerings, with the exception of Long Beach City College for which the entries in the report were incorrect.

APPENDIX B

ETHNIC DISTRIBUTION OF COMMUNITY COLLEGE FRESHMEN
AGE 19 AND UNDER (FALL 1981) AND TRANSFER STUDENTS
TO THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA AND THE
CALIFORNIA STATE UNIVERSITY (FALL 1982)

(In Percents)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity	
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White		
Allan Hancock	Freshmen	1,008	2.4%	2.8%	1.6%	5.7%	16.9%	70.7%	2.1%	
	UC Trans	28	8.0	8.0	0.0	8.0	12.0	64.0	7.1	
	CSU Trans	166	1.4	1.4	1.4	7.0	10.5	78.3	11.4	
Antelope Valley	Freshmen	881	1.4	3.3	1.2	4.9	7.6	81.6	2.3	
	UC Trans	16	0.0	6.7	0.0	40.0	0.0	53.3	0.0	
	CSU Trans	105	2.9	3.0	1.0	3.9	3.9	85.3	1.0	
Barstow	Freshmen	163	NO INFORMATION							
	UC Trans	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	
	CSU Trans	21	0.0	4.8	0.0	4.8	9.5	80.9	0.0	
Butte	Freshmen	1,012	NO INFORMATION							
	UC Trans	16	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.2	0.0	75.0	0.0	
	CSU Trans	406	3.3	1.5	0.0	1.2	4.2	89.8	16.5	
Cabrillo	Freshmen	999	1.0	2.3	1.4	1.4	10.5	83.4	0.2	
	UC Trans	164	0.7	4.1	1.4	0.7	3.4	89.7	9.1	
	CSU Trans	265	1.3	3.3	0.4	0.0	4.2	90.8	0.2	
College of the Canyons	Freshmen	538	1.9	0.4	0.4	3.5	4.4	89.4	0.0	
	UC Trans	17	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	20.0	73.3	5.9	
	CSU Trans	110	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.9	3.7	93.5	0.0	
Cerritos	Freshmen	2,507	2.5	3.5	3.0	7.0	27.6	56.4	19.5	
	UC Trans	38	0.0	8.3	3.3	2.8	19.4	61.1	0.0	
	CSU Trans	555	0.8	12.0	2.0	4.2	18.5	62.5	4.1	
Chabot	Freshmen	2,462	NO INFORMATION							
	UC Trans	64	0.0	15.0	3.3	8.3	6.7	66.7	1.6	
	CSU Trans	472	2.9	5.4	3.2	7.2	7.9	73.4	4.2	

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White	
Chaffey	Freshmen	1,241	1.2%	1.6%	0.8%	5.5%	15.2%	75.6%	2.8%
	UC Trans	27	4.2	8.3	4.1	4.2	12.5	66.7	1.4
	CSU Trans	281	1.1	3.0	0.7	2.6	9.3	83.3	2.5
Citrus	Freshmen	1,241	1.2	1.6	0.8	5.5	15.2	75.7	2.8
	UC Trans	26	0.0	4.6	0.0	9.1	13.6	72.7	0.0
	CSU Trans	241	0.9	3.7	0.5	5.1	7.9	81.9	4.1
<u>Coast:</u>									
Coastline	Freshmen	492	1.8	6.7	0.9	0.9	3.8	85.8	6.5
	UC Trans	7	0.0	16.6	0.0	0.0	16.6	66.7	14.3
	CSU Trans	56	6.3	8.3	0.0	2.1	2.1	81.2	0.0
Golden West	Freshmen	2,099	2.6	5.9	1.2	1.3	5.7	83.2	4.4
	UC Trans	63	1.7	12.1	0.0	0.0	6.9	79.3	3.2
	CSU Trans	515	2.3	10.1	1.1	0.8	5.0	80.7	5.4
Orange Coast	Freshmen	3,287	3.4	5.0	0.9	1.2	7.5	82.0	4.7
	UC Trans	218	1.0	11.5	0.5	0.5	5.0	81.5	5.1
	CSU Trans	915	1.3	12.1	0.6	0.9	3.8	81.3	4.2
Compton	Freshmen	590	2.0	1.5	0.0	89.4	7.1	0.0	2.2
	UC Trans	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	154	1.7	4.4	0.0	70.4	15.7	7.8	6.5
<u>Contra Costa:</u>									
Contra Costa	Freshmen	735	0.9	6.4	0.0	39.4	8.8	44.5	4.1
	UC Trans	24	0.0	25.0	4.2	12.5	0.0	58.3	0.0
	CSU Trans	147	0.8	9.8	0.8	28.8	6.8	53.0	6.1
Diablo Valley	Freshmen	2,599	0.3	3.4	0.3	3.2	3.7	89.1	3.6
	UC Trans	237	0.0	10.0	0.9	1.3	3.5	84.3	2.5
	CSU Trans	810	1.1	4.6	0.1	0.5	3.4	90.3	7.4
Los Medanos	Freshmen	588	2.0	1.6	0.0	6.2	15.7	74.5	4.4
	UC Trans	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	66.7	25.0
	CSU Trans	67	0.0	1.6	1.6	6.7	10.0	80.0	9.0

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity	
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White		
Cuesta	Freshmen	782	0.9%	1.1%	1.6%	1.4%	5.9%	89.1%	16.5%	
	UC Trans	22	5.3	0.0	5.3	0.0	5.2	84.2	9.1	
	CSU Trans	255	1.4	1.9	0.0	1.4	3.7	91.6	13.3	
College of the Desert	Freshmen	679	0.8	0.2	1.8	4.5	25.8	66.9	0.0	
	UC Trans	15	7.1	0.0	7.1	0.0	14.3	71.4	0.0	
	CSU Trans	98	3.3	2.2	1.1	5.5	22.0	65.9	5.5	
El Camino	Freshmen	3,102	NO INFORMATION							
	UC Trans	131	0.8	10.0	2.5	5.0	5.9	75.8	3.1	
	CSU Trans	830	1.4	12.1	1.5	9.3	7.2	68.4	3.3	
Foothill-De Anza: De Anza	Freshmen	909	1.6	7.5	1.2	1.5	5.7	82.5	19.1	
	UC Trans	134	0.8	15.2	0.8	0.8	2.4	80.0	3.7	
	CSU Trans	604	0.9	6.4	1.4	1.5	4.0	85.8	6.6	
Foothill	Freshmen	740	0.7	4.3	1.6	4.3	7.4	81.6	17.4	
	UC Trans	127	0.0	9.1	0.9	3.6	0.9	85.5	5.5	
	CSU Trans	374	0.9	10.1	0.3	1.5	3.9	83.3	6.4	
Gavilan	Freshmen	491	4.0	3.5	2.0	0.9	24.6	65.0	3.7	
	UC Trans	10	0.0	0.0	10.0	0.0	22.2	66.7	0.0	
	CSU Trans	76	1.4	8.6	1.4	1.4	20.0	67.2	3.9	
Glendale	Freshmen	1,112	1.8	4.2	3.2	0.9	20.8	69.1	0.0	
	UC Trans	49	2.2	13.0	4.3	4.3	6.5	69.6	2.0	
	CSU Trans	303	0.0	9.7	1.1	0.4	13.6	75.2	6.9	
Grossmont: Cuyamaca	Freshmen	288	2.5	4.2	1.1	0.0	10.9	81.3	0.0	
	UC Trans	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	
	CSU Trans	45	0.0	5.3	0.0	2.6	7.9	84.2	11.1	
Grossmont	Freshmen	1,745	2.3	2.4	0.8	2.6	6.8	85.1	0.0	
	UC Trans	71	0.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	10.0	86.7	4.2	
	CSU Trans	435	0.7	7.2	0.3	1.3	5.7	84.8	5.5	

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity	
			American Indian	Asian	Filipino	Black	Chicano	White		
Hartnell	Freshmen	787	2.4%	3.3%	5.1%	1.5%	27.2%	60.5%	3.2%	
	UC Trans	39	0.0	17.7	0.0	8.8	23.5	50.0	5.1	
	CSU Trans	181	3.1	4.3	6.2	1.9	16.2	68.3	8.3	
Imperial Valley*	Freshmen	598	1.1	0.6	0.7	6.1	64.8	26.7	0.0	
	UC Trans	16	0.0	8.3	0.0	0.0	41.7	50.0	6.3	
	CSU Trans	127	0.0	2.6	0.0	1.8	58.4	37.2	4.7	
Kern:										
Bakersfield	Freshmen	1,426	2.6	0.4	0.6	8.7	20.1	67.5	0.0	
	UC Trans	21	0.0	15.8	0.0	0.0	10.5	73.7	0.0	
	CSU Trans	333	0.9	5.3	1.3	5.9	8.8	77.8	3.6	
Cerro Coso	Freshmen	187	0.6	0.0	1.1	2.2	3.3	92.8	0.0	
	UC Trans	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	66.7	0.0	
	CSU Trans	34	0.0	0.0	5.9	2.9	0.0	91.2	0.0	
Porterville	Freshmen	332	2.5	0.3	2.2	5.3	21.2	68.5	0.0	
	UC Trans	6	16.6	0.0	16.6	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0	
	CSU Trans	82	2.6	6.5	1.3	1.3	15.6	72.7	1.2	
Lake Tahoe	Freshmen	80	0.0	2.5	0.0	1.3	1.3	94.9	1.2	
	UC Trans	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	
	CSU Trans	19	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	94.4	5.3	
Lassen										
	Freshmen	193	NO INFORMATION							
	UC Trans	6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	16.7	83.3	0.0	
	CSU Trans	57	0.0	4.0	2.0	12.0	0.0	82.0	7.0	
Long Beach	Freshmen	1,541	1.4	5.8	2.3	15.9	6.4	68.2	2.8	
	UC Trans	52	0.0	12.2	4.1	8.2	10.2	65.3	5.8	
	CSU Trans	646	1.8	10.2	1.7	10.0	7.0	69.3	2.9	
Los Angeles:										
East Los Angeles	Freshmen	1,742	0.6	7.4	0.8	2.1	80.7	8.4	6.8	
	UC Trans	47	0.0	19.5	0.0	2.5	75.6	2.4	0.0	
	CSU Trans	338	0.7	19.5	0.7	3.8	60.6	14.7	9.5	

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White	
Los Angeles City	Freshmen	1,366	1.0%	9.8%	6.3%	41.7%	28.0%	13.1%	7.5%
	UC Trans	83	0.0	32.4	2.6	16.9	13.0	35.1	2.4
	CSU Trans	427	1.1	21.1	5.1	27.3	17.6	27.8	8.4
Los Angeles Harbor	Freshmen	1,518	1.0	8.7	6.0	19.2	18.3	46.8	7.4
	UC Trans	40	0.0	20.5	2.6	0.0	10.2	66.7	0.0
	CSU Trans	355	1.2	9.8	3.0	15.6	14.1	56.3	4.8
Los Angeles Mission	Freshmen	229	0.5	1.0	1.5	18.0	39.0	40.0	12.2
	UC Trans	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	66.7	25.0
	CSU Trans	38	0.0	2.7	0.0	5.4	45.9	46.0	0.0
Los Angeles Pierce	Freshmen	3,186	3.3	3.3	0.9	5.5	15.3	71.7	11.2
	UC Trans	117	0.0	12.7	1.0	0.0	3.9	82.4	3.4
	CSU Trans	838	1.4	6.1	0.7	3.1	5.5	83.2	5.4
Los Angeles Southwest	Freshmen	810	0.1	0.1	0.0	97.7	2.1	0.0	9.0
	UC Trans	4	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	25.0
	CSU Trans	123	0.9	1.8	0.0	82.4	14.9	0.0	1.6
Los Angeles Trade-Tech	Freshmen	1,298	2.6	3.2	1.0	56.1	28.0	9.1	6.4
	UC Trans	7	0.0	0.0	0.0	71.4	0.0	28.6	0.0
	CSU Trans	121	0.0	7.5	1.0	52.8	27.4	11.3	7.4
Los Angeles Valley	Freshmen	1,513	3.5	5.6	1.0	11.8	42.2	35.9	12.2
	UC Trans	96	0.0	8.4	0.0	2.4	7.2	81.9	5.2
	CSU Trans	562	1.0	9.4	1.0	2.8	11.2	74.6	5.9
West Los Angeles	Freshmen	801	1.8	3.3	0.6	70.9	6.1	17.3	8.7
	UC Trans	31	3.4	6.9	0.0	20.7	13.8	55.2	0.0
	CSU Trans	199	0.0	8.0	0.0	47.7	10.4	33.9	9.5
Los Rios: American River	Freshmen	2,694	1.8	2.7	0.9	6.4	5.3	82.9	3.8
	UC Trans	123	1.8	5.3	0.0	1.8	1.8	89.3	4.1
	CSU Trans	763	0.5	2.8	0.2	3.0	2.3	91.1	3.1
Cosumnes River	Freshmen	706	1.5	3.5	2.4	16.4	9.5	66.7	3.5
	UC Trans	9	0.0	11.1	0.0	11.1	0.0	77.8	0.0
	CSU Trans	164	1.3	4.5	0.0	5.7	7.6	80.9	3.0

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White	
Sacramento City	Freshmen	1,383	1.3%	10.6%	1.6%	20.1%	18.1%	48.3%	4.5%
	UC Trans	127	1.8	36.8	1.8	2.6	8.8	48.2	2.4
	CSU Trans	565	1.2	14.6	0.2	8.2	6.2	69.6	1.6
Marin: Indian Valley	Freshmen	355	1.5	2.3	0.6	0.6	2.0	93.0	1.1
	UC Trans	11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	93	1.2	0.0	0.0	1.2	2.3	95.3	9.3
Marin	Freshmen	882	0.8	2.5	0.4	2.2	2.6	91.5	1.6
	UC Trans	84	0.0	4.9	0.0	1.2	1.2	92.7	1.2
	CSU Trans	278	0.4	5.0	0.0	0.4	3.4	90.8	10.1
Mendocino	Freshmen	268	6.5	0.8	0.0	1.1	6.9	84.7	1.5
	UC Trans	3	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	0.0
	CSU Trans	54	1.9	1.9	0.0	5.8	1.9	88.5	1.9
Merced	Freshmen	1,073	1.2	2.2	0.6	6.3	21.1	68.6	0.0
	UC Trans	21	0.0	5.6	0.0	16.6	16.6	61.1	9.5
	CSU Trans	245	2.2	2.6	0.0	6.5	10.4	78.3	2.0
Mira Costa	Freshmen	551	1.1	4.0	0.7	8.3	16.0	69.9	0.0
	UC Trans	38	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.1	87.9	5.3
	CSU Trans	67	1.5	1.5	0.0	4.6	12.4	80.0	0.0
Monterey Peninsula	Freshmen	481	0.9	7.2	5.2	16.0	3.6	67.1	4.2
	UC Trans	65	0.0	5.5	0.0	5.5	0.0	88.9	4.6
	CSU Trans	175	0.0	12.2	4.7	7.4	5.4	70.3	9.7
Mount San Antonio	Freshman	2,738	1.5	3.0	0.0	7.0	25.4	63.1	3.4
	UC Trans	36	0.0	9.1	0.0	3.0	27.3	60.6	0.0
	CSU Trans	567	1.3	9.1	1.7	6.6	14.7	66.6	3.9
Mount San Jacinto	Freshmen	477	0.9	0.4	0.0	3.6	15.4	79.7	0.0
	UC Trans	11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	9.1
	CSU Trans	43	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	88.1	2.3
Napa	Freshmen	1,091	0.8	1.2	1.4	2.7	5.6	88.3	4.0
	UC Trans	36	3.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	6.1	81.8	0.0
	CSU Trans	150	0.0	2.2	2.1	1.4	2.9	91.4	4.7

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Filipino	Black	Chicano	White	
North Orange:									
Cypress	Freshmen	1,857	1.8%	4.8%	1.4%	1.3%	9.7%	81.0%	0.0%
	UC Trans	37	0.0	5.9	5.9	0.0	14.7	73.5	0.0
	CSU Trans	383	1.1	5.1	0.6	1.4	10.8	81.0	3.9
Fullerton	Freshmen	2,601	1.2	3.8	0.3	1.7	11.8	81.2	0.0
	UC Trans	66	0.0	24.1	0.0	0.0	3.7	72.2	3.0
	CSU Trans	726	0.7	10.5	0.4	1.5	6.5	80.4	3.3
Ohlone*	Freshmen	1,137	0.7	8.8	0.0	4.1	8.5	77.9	0.0
	UC Trans	24	0.0	8.7	4.4	0.0	4.3	82.6	0.0
	CSU Trans	237	1.8	6.0	4.1	4.6	6.9	76.6	3.8
Palo Verde	Freshmen	80	0.0	1.2	1.2	7.5	40.0	50.0	0.0
	UC Trans	2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	50.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Palomar	Freshmen	1,615	1.6	2.1	0.0	0.8	8.6	86.9	2.8
	UC Trans	97	0.0	2.4	2.4	1.2	9.8	84.2	6.2
	CSU Trans	332	2.9	2.0	0.7	2.0	6.5	85.9	4.3
Pasadena	Freshmen	2,146	0.6	3.4	0.0	13.5	15.5	66.9	3.1
	UC Trans	129	0.0	11.3	1.0	4.7	9.4	73.6	3.1
	CSU Trans	617	1.3	12.2	1.0	10.1	9.6	65.8	6.0
Peralta:									
Alameda	Freshmen	608	1.8	8.4	0.0	60.0	8.0	21.8	7.7
	UC Trans	42	0.0	18.9	8.1	29.7	5.4	37.8	0.0
	CSU Trans	159	1.4	17.4	4.3	31.2	5.1	40.6	8.2
Feather River	Freshmen	132	1.8	1.8	0.0	6.2	0.0	90.2	14.4
	UC Trans	5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	24	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.1	4.1	91.7	0.0
Laney	Freshmen	489	1.3	8.7	0.0	66.2	4.9	18.9	7.2
	UC Trans	30	0.0	25.0	0.0	10.7	10.7	53.6	3.3
	CSU Trans	145	0.9	19.8	6.0	33.6	6.9	32.8	11.0

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White	
Merritt	Freshmen	685	1.4%	8.0%	0.0%	61.1%	3.2%	26.3%	4.4%
	UC Trans	44	0.0	24.4	0.0	14.6	4.9	56.1	2.3
	CSU Trans	187	1.7	22.1	0.6	26.8	7.5	41.3	5.9
Vista	Freshmen	72	1.7	6.7	0.0	48.3	16.7	26.7	16.7
	UC Trans	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	CSU Trans	7	0.0	0.0	16.7	0.0	0.0	83.3	14.3
Redwoods	Freshmen	857	4.8	0.7	0.2	1.1	2.8	90.4	0.9
	UC Trans	10	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	210	5.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.7	91.9	11.4
Rio Hondo	Freshmen	1,298	2.8	1.5	0.0	1.6	48.2	45.9	0.0
	UC Trans	20	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	30.0	45.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	258	1.0	10.4	0.0	1.0	35.5	52.1	7.0
Riverside	Freshmen	1,679	2.8	1.2	0.5	12.1	13.3	70.1	2.5
	UC Trans	112	0.0	3.7	0.0	10.3	11.2	74.8	2.7
	CSU Trans	337	1.0	3.8	0.6	10.5	9.6	74.5	3.6
Saddleback	Freshmen	1,633	1.8	1.3	0.5	1.6	3.5	91.3	3.4
	UC Trans	113	0.0	7.5	0.0	1.0	5.7	85.8	1.8
	CSU Trans	445	1.6	6.4	0.7	1.6	3.1	86.6	2.0
San Bernardino:									
Crafton Hills	Freshmen	577	3.5	1.7	0.4	2.3	10.1	82.0	5.0
	UC Trans	21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.8	84.2	0.0
	CSU Trans	108	1.0	0.0	0.0	2.0	5.0	92.0	7.4
San Bernardino Valley	Freshmen	1,725	3.2	1.1	0.1	14.9	23.6	57.0	2.6
	UC Trans	54	2.0	10.2	2.0	4.1	18.4	63.3	3.7
	CSU Trans	363	1.4	3.5	1.2	7.5	13.2	73.2	2.6
San Diego:									
San Diego City	Freshmen	723	1.6	3.2	3.1	34.5	26.9	30.7	2.4
	UC Trans	72	0.0	5.5	1.8	9.1	12.7	70.9	0.0
	CSU Trans	213	1.5	9.8	4.1	12.8	13.9	57.9	2.3

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White	
San Diego Mesa	Freshmen	1,928	1.6%	4.3%	3.5%	8.3%	6.4%	75.9%	2.3%
	UC Trans	94	1.2	4.7	0.0	3.5	4.7	85.9	2.1
	CSU Trans	587	1.7	8.0	2.4	3.2	5.8	78.9	5.5
San Diego Miramar	Freshmen	154	7.0	3.5	9.0	4.2	7.7	68.5	3.2
	UC Trans	5	0.0	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	75.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	20	5.3	0.0	10.5	5.3	0.0	78.9	5.0
San Francisco	Freshmen	2,030	0.7	33.9	11.6	15.7	12.5	25.6	3.7
	UC Trans	105	1.1	48.9	1.1	1.1	5.4	42.4	5.7
	CSU Trans	805	1.1	44.9	7.7	7.0	7.3	32.0	14.2
San Joaquin Delta	Freshmen	1,862	2.0	3.9	3.9	4.9	18.1	67.2	3.9
	UC Trans	94	1.2	15.7	1.2	1.2	8.4	72.3	4.3
	CSU Trans	539	0.6	9.7	1.0	1.5	7.6	79.6	5.0
<u>San Jose:</u>									
Evergreen Valley*	Freshmen	362	1.7	10.6	0.0	5.8	15.8	66.1	0.0
	UC Trans	10	0.0	28.6	14.3	0.0	14.3	42.8	10.0
	CSU Trans	151	0.0	27.9	5.9	5.9	16.9	43.4	3.3
San Jose City*	Freshmen	250	0.8	8.8	0.0	3.2	11.6	75.5	0.0
	UC Trans	15	0.0	0.0	0.0	15.4	7.7	76.9	0.0
	CSU Trans	228	3.2	12.4	2.3	7.8	12.8	61.5	2.0
<u>San Mateo:</u>									
Canada*	Freshmen	714	0.5	2.3	0.8	10.3	6.5	79.6	1.0
	UC Trans	35	0.0	9.7	0.0	9.7	0.0	80.6	8.6
	CSU Trans	165	0.0	6.7	1.3	5.3	6.7	80.0	2.4
San Mateo*	Freshmen	2,185	0.3	5.5	2.0	5.5	8.1	78.6	1.2
	UC Trans	100	1.0	12.5	1.0	1.1	2.1	82.3	3.0
	CSU Trans	524	2.2	8.5	0.7	2.8	6.1	79.7	9.0
Skyline*	Freshmen	846	1.2	7.1	6.2	9.5	13.9	62.0	0.7
	UC Trans	18	0.0	33.3	16.7	0.0	5.6	44.4	0.0
	CSU Trans	193	1.9	8.9	6.4	5.1	8.3	69.4	12.4

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Fili-pino	Black	Chicano	White	
Santa Ana	Freshmen	1,187	0.8%	5.6%	0.4%	2.3%	23.1%	67.7%	0.0%
	UC Trans	29	0.0	25.0	3.6	0.0	7.1	64.3	0.0
	CSU Trans	341	0.6	21.0	0.9	2.7	8.7	66.0	5.6
Santa Barbara	Freshmen	1,069	1.4	1.3	0.2	2.1	14.1	80.9	0.0
	UC Trans	217	1.0	3.4	0.0	1.0	9.3	85.3	2.8
	CSU Trans	218	1.0	3.5	0.0	3.0	8.0	84.5	5.0
Santa Monica	Freshmen	1,916	1.3	6.9	1.0	20.8	10.8	59.2	0.0
	UC Trans	222	0.5	6.6	1.0	5.0	5.0	81.9	1.8
	CSU Trans	419	1.3	11.3	1.3	10.0	8.1	68.0	9.3
Santa Rosa	Freshmen	1,767	5.3	1.3	0.4	1.6	4.0	87.4	4.0
	UC Trans	84	0.0	2.8	0.0	0.0	2.8	94.4	8.3
	CSU Trans	556	1.0	2.7	0.4	0.8	3.7	91.4	6.3
Sequoias	Freshmen	1,208	3.0	1.3	0.5	3.4	23.4	68.4	3.9
	UC Trans	34	2.9	2.9	0.0	5.9	11.8	76.5	0.0
	CSU Trans	310	1.8	4.2	1.1	2.4	18.6	71.9	3.5
Shasta	Freshmen	1,705	3.3	0.4	0.1	0.4	2.4	93.3	1.8
	UC Trans	29	3.4	3.4	0.0	0.0	3.4	89.7	0.0
	CSU Trans	252	1.7	0.9	0.0	0.9	6.1	90.4	8.3
Sierra	Freshmen	1,385	2.3	1.0	0.0	0.5	5.2	91.0	0.0
	UC Trans	32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3	96.7	3.1
	CSU Trans	310	0.7	2.1	0.0	0.0	2.8	94.4	5.8
Siskiyou	Freshmen	267	6.6	0.0	0.0	3.5	3.9	85.9	3.4
	UC Trans	6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	69	3.2	1.6	0.0	4.8	7.9	82.5	5.0
Solano	Freshmen	940	1.9	4.3	6.9	17.7	7.1	62.1	0.1
	UC Trans	34	0.0	3.2	0.0	9.7	22.6	64.5	8.8
	CSU Trans	153	0.7	8.4	3.5	7.0	3.5	76.9	5.2
Southwestern	Freshmen	1,127	1.6	2.6	7.8	4.2	37.8	46.0	0.0
	UC Trans	26	0.0	0.0	4.1	12.5	16.7	66.7	0.0
	CSU Trans	245	1.9	5.6	9.9	2.8	21.1	58.7	6.1

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Filipino	Black	Chicano	White	
<u>State Center:</u>									
Fresno	Freshmen	2,119	1.3%	2.6%	0.9%	8.9%	24.1%	62.2%	4.7%
	UC Trans	14	0.0	18.2	0.0	9.1	18.2	54.5	0.0
	CSU Trans	609	1.8	4.7	0.7	4.5	17.1	71.2	5.7
Kings River	Freshmen	626	1.1	3.4	0.5	1.8	34.1	59.1	0.3
	UC Trans	9	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	50.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	155	2.0	5.5	0.0	1.4	13.7	77.4	2.6
Taft	Freshmen	114	2.7	0.9	0.0	5.4	7.1	83.9	0.0
	UC Trans	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0	90.9	4.3
<u>Ventura:</u>									
Moorpark	Freshmen	1,356	0.9	1.2	0.3	1.8	8.3	87.5	0.0
	UC Trans	64	1.7	1.7	0.0	0.0	3.4	93.2	4.7
	CSU Trans	291	1.1	1.8	0.3	0.8	5.8	90.2	3.8
Oxnard	Freshmen	340	1.8	4.0	7.0	15.0	41.3	30.9	0.0
	UC Trans	14	0.0	0.0	7.1	28.6	57.2	7.1	0.0
	CSU Trans	39	2.8	5.6	13.9	11.1	19.4	47.2	2.6
Ventura	Freshmen	1,420	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.9	22.6	67.5	0.0
	UC Trans	131	0.0	7.2	0.8	2.4	22.4	67.2	3.1
	CSU Trans	280	1.5	5.8	0.8	2.7	11.3	77.9	6.1
Victor Valley	Freshmen	353	0.9	0.6	0.0	4.5	8.7	85.3	0.0
	UC Trans	7	0.0	16.6	0.0	0.0	16.6	66.7	14.3
	CSU Trans	74	2.7	4.1	1.4	8.2	8.2	75.4	0.0
West Hills	Freshmen	314	3.3	1.0	1.6	6.5	24.2	63.4	0.3
	UC Trans	0	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
	CSU Trans	65	1.8	3.5	3.5	3.5	8.8	78.9	7.7
<u>West Valley:</u>									
Mission	Freshmen	568	0.9	12.7	5.1	2.5	17.4	61.4	6.9
	UC Trans	7	0.0	60.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0	14.3
	CSU Trans	85	2.5	13.9	5.1	3.8	6.3	68.4	3.5

APPENDIX B (Continued)

Community College	Group	Total N	Ethnicity						Percent Unknown Ethnicity
			American Indian	Asian	Filipino	Black	Chicano	White	
West Valley	Freshmen	2,152	1.8%	5.8%	0.5%	1.4%	6.7%	83.8%	10.8%
	UC Trans	93	1.1	16.1	0.0	0.0	8.1	74.7	5.4
	CSU Trans	675	1.1	7.2	0.8	1.0	4.3	85.6	5.6
Yosemite: Columbia	Freshmen	241	0.4	0.0	0.0	1.4	4.1	94.1	8.7
	UC Trans	8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
	CSU Trans	60	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	94.6	8.3
Modesto	Freshmen	1,469	1.1	1.6	0.0	1.3	11.8	84.2	2.5
	UC Trans	42	0.0	10.0	0.0	2.5	2.5	85.0	2.4
	CSU Trans	423	1.3	4.6	0.0	0.8	9.0	84.3	4.0
Yuba	Freshmen	855	3.6	1.9	0.8	1.6	9.9	82.2	4.7
	UC Trans	16	0.0	25.0	0.0	0.0	18.8	56.2	0.0
	CSU Trans	240	3.3	6.5	0.0	3.3	7.0	79.9	8.8
TOTAL	Freshmen	105,271	2.0	4.1	1.6	10.1	16.7	65.5	7.5
	UC Trans	5,130	0.7	11.1	1.3	3.8	8.3	74.8	3.6
	CSU Trans	29,806	1.4	8.5	1.4	5.9	9.1	73.7	5.6

*Because of incomplete coding of the high school of origin, all first-time freshmen age 19 and under have been included in the computation.

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